

STUDY THE EFFECT OF INTERRELATION AMONG NUMBER OF PLOTS, BLOCKS, SAMPLES AS WELL AS THEIR SIZES ON EFFICIENCY AND ACCURACY OF EXPERIMENTS IN SORGHUM .

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ABSTRACT

Soil variability affects experimental results and we can minimize this effect by choosing a proper design and the use of optimum number of plots, blocks, samples as well as their sizes. This study aimed to investigate effect of these interrelationships on experimental and sampling errors, relative efficiency and coefficient of variation (C.V) as measures of accuracy for randomized complete block design in sorghum experiments. Two uniformity trials were conducted at Shandweel Agricultural Research Station, Sohag Governorate during 2004 and 2005 seasons. Dorado variety was used in both seasons. Total field area was 2287.5 m² (0.545 feddan) for each trial that divided into 6 strips consisted of 120 ridges each considering ridge as the basic unit. Samples consisting of 5, 10, 15, 20, and 25 plants and data were assigned in randomized complete block design with different number of plots (k), blocks (b), sample (s) as well as their sizes in the two seasons.

Results cleared that increasing sample size and number of blocks led to increase relative efficiency. Increasing number of plots per block, with number of blocks and size of sample also led to increase relative efficiency and precision of the analysis. Results also cleared that the optimum combinations were 2,3 and 4 blocks of area 97.2, 129.6 and 144 m² with number of plots of 9, 12 and 16 plot per block of area 10.8, 10.8 and 9 m² as plot sizes and 25, 25 and 20 plants as size of sample, respectively. These combinations scored RE equal to 190, 197 and 230% in first season and 149, 173 and 217% in second season, respectively. The coefficient of variation (C.V.) estimates scored 13.62, 8.64 and 7.22 % in first season and 11.45, 10.34 and 6.04 % in the second season, respectively. These results also showed that number of blocks is inversely proportional with sample size.

Experimental (E) and sampling (S) errors values also compared with each other to estimate the optimum sample size. Results cleared that sampling error scored 0.075, 0.127 and 0.234 in first season and 0.254, 0.124 and 0.208 in second season while experimental error scored 0.326, 0.256 and 0.738 in the first season and 0.424, 0.333 and 0.959 in the second season for 2,3 and 4 blocks, respectively, these indicating homogeneity of sample size .

INTRODUCTION

Sensitivity of experimental results is affected by soil variability as a major factor. A great deal of the soil effect can be minimized by the choice of a proper design and the use of optimum block and plot sizes, number of replications and sample size. This emphasizes the importance of determining soil variability in experimental fields, and estimating the optimum block and plot size, as well as number of replications in these fields. The uniform plots and blocks are very important to detect the true differences between treatment means. The size of block, number of plots per block and number of samples per plot depends upon degree of soil homogeneity. Several factors

have to be taken into consideration as soil type, number of replications, number of samples, optimum plot size and the efficiency of experimental design. Interrelation between these factors makes it extremely difficult to take only a single factor under consideration. Previous reports investigated all these factors separately for different crops except sorghum and this study aimed to detect their interrelations. Moreover, this study gives researchers the chance to choose optimum combinations of block and plot sizes, number of replications and sample size for randomized complete block design with a lower cost and sizable gain in precision. Also, this study will be useful for breeders, agronomists who concern with improving the experimental results of sorghum (*Sorghum bicolor (L.) Moench*). Charles and Mason (1959) reported that the necessary number of replications to obtain a least significant difference of 15% of the mean yield of soybean was estimated as 9,5 and 4 for 1, 2, 3, 6 and 4 basic units, respectively. Rampton and Petersen (1962) on orchardgrass, showed that, increasing number of replications permitted detection of smaller differences in yield. Torrie et.al. (1963) on alfalfa - bromegrass mixtures, found that number of replicates required to detect differences among treatments decreased with the increase in plot size. Galal and Abou El-Fittouh (1971) on cotton, estimated optimum plot size as 18 to 29 m². Also results pointed out that the sensitivity of the experiment to detect specified magnitude between means was affected by increasing the plot size. Khalil et.al. (1971) on cotton yield trials, found that the optimum plot size ranged from 1/600 feddan and 1/300 feddan and from 1/300 to 1/200 feddan for Gemmeiza and Sids locations, respectively. Abou-El-Fittouh (1976) reported that the value obtained for relative efficiency indicates that randomized complete blocks design is more efficient than the completely randomized design for different crops. Cochran (1977) estimated the optimum sample size by minimizing the expected product of cost and variance components. El-Kalla and Gommaa (1977) reported an optimum plot size for wheat which was 3.0 m² (1/1400 fed), using Smith's procedure in Gemmeiza and Sids. However, it was 7.0 and 5.0 m by using modified maximum curvature technique for the previous two locations, respectively. EL- Rassas (1982) on wheat, found that the optimum plot size ranged from 4 to 8 basic units with 1/300 to 1/500 feddan. Casler and Ehike (1985) reported that increasing sample size increases precision, but also increases the cost. Lin and Binns (1986) in their study on relative efficiency of two randomized blocks design with different plot size and number of plots per block. They reported that the purpose was to use information of past experiments to improve the proposed design or through increasing the plot size. Lefoet (1987) provided that, the efficiency of comparisons between treatment means are particularly related to the size and number of experimental units. Nasr (1991) found that the convenient number of samples were various from one character to the other and number of sample size ranged from 6 to 80 samples. Surin (1992) studied the sensitivity of statistical tests to detect the differences between treatment means. He found that, when the sample size ranges from 20 to 24 plants causes higher efficiency in estimation than simple random sampling. EL- Rayes et.al. (1993) working on wheat, concluded that increasing plot size decreased the variance per basic units

and the optimum plot size ranged from 1/1000 to 1/750 feddan. Zedaker, et.al. (1993) reported that, the ability to detect small differences between treatment means depends on relation among sample size, type I and II errors probability and coefficient of variability of the data. Poultnay and Webster (1997) showed that, the optimum plot size ranged from 1x1 m to 4x4 m², they studied optimum plot size and shapes for field experiments on trasses. Wei Wei et.al. (2001) mentioned that, the amount of replication depends on the size of treatment differences (plot differences) to detect the variation in the data. Ashmawy et.al. (2003) recommended that the optimum plot size was 4 sample units being 2.8 m² in wheat. EL-Tawee (2004) in his study on wheat for number of plots (k), blocks (b), sample (s) as well as their sizes in randomized complete blocks design found that increasing sample size followed by increasing number of plots per block with decreasing of sample and experimental errors for all optimum combinations.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

To determine optimum number of plots, blocks and sample as well as their sizes for randomized complete block design in sorghum, two uniformity trials were conducted at Shandweel Agricultural Research Station, Sohag Governorate during 2004 and 2005 seasons. Dorado variety was used in both seasons and all recommended practices were done as usual in sorghum fields. The total field area was 30.5 X 75 m (2287.5 m² = 0.545 feddan) for each trial and the area was divided into 6 strips. Each strip was consisted of 120 ridges with 3 m long and 60 cm apart (1.8 m²) considering the ridge as the basic unite. Consequently, a total of 720 basic experimental units were used for each trial which was done in June 10th and 19th. Distance between hills was 15 cm, plants were thinned to two plants/hill after 20 days from sowing. Plants were harvested in October 10th and 19th in 2004 and 2005 seasons, respectively. Each basic unit (row) was harvested separately after discarding two plants from each end to eliminate the border effect. Samples consisted of 5, 10, 15, 20, and 25 plants which were chosen by random from each plot. Data were assigned in randomized complete block design with different combinations of plots (k), blocks (b), sample (s) as well as their sizes in the two seasons as shown in Table 1.

Statistical analysis:

Block and plot sizes were obtained by using a long grouping of basic units (rows) of each strip. Number of plots were calculated by dividing the total number of basic units (720 units) by number of basic units per plot x number of plots per block x number of blocks.

The Interrelations among number of plots, blocks, sample as well as their sizes were studied based on experimental and sampling errors, relative efficiency and coefficient of variation (C.V) in the two seasons .

Table 1: Number of plots (k), blocks (b), samples (s) as well as their sizes and number of experiments analyzed in 2004 and 2005 seasons.

Numbers of plots (k)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of samples (S)	Block size m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size	No. of experimental units analyzed
2	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	72,10,8,14,4,18,21,6	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	150,100,75,60,50
3	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	10,8,16,2,21,6,27,32,4	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	100,66,50,40,33
4	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	14,4,21,6,28,8,36,43,2	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	75,50,37,30,25
5	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	18,27,36,45,54	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	60,40,30,24,20
6	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	21,6,32,4,43,2,54	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	50,33,25,20,16
7	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	25,2,37,8,50,4,63,75,6	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	42,28,21,17,14
8	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	28,8,43,2,57,6,72	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	37,25,18,15,12
9	2,3,4	21,3,4,5,6	32,44,8,64,8,81,97,2	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	33,22,16,13,11
10	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	36,54,72,90,108	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	30,20,15,12,10
11	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	39,6,59,4,79,2,99,118,8	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	27,18,13,10,9
12	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	43,2,64,8,86,4,108,129,5	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	25,16,12,10,8
13	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	46,8,70,2,93,6,117,140,4	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	23,15,11,9,7
14	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	50,4,75,6,100,8,126,151,2	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	21,14,10,8,7
15	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	54,81,108,135,162	6,5,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	20,13,10,8,6
16	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	57,6,86,4,115,2,144,172,8	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	18,12,9,7,6
17	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	61,2,91,8,122,4,153,183,6	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	17,11,8,7,5
18	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	64,8,97,2,129,6,162,194,4	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	16,11,8,6,5
19	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	68,4,102,6,136,8,171,205,2	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	15,10,7,6,5
20	2,3,4	2,3,4,5,6	72,108,144,180,216	3,6,5,4,7,2,9,10,8	5,10,15,20,25	15,10,7,6,5

The relative efficiency (RE) related to completely randomized design (CRD) was estimated as follows:

$$RE (RCBD / CRD) = \frac{MSe_2(n_1+1)(n_2+3)}{MSe_1(n_2+1)(n_1+3)} \times 100$$

Where:

MSe_1 = mean square error for RCBD.

MSe_2 = mean square error for CRD.

n_1 and n_2 = error degrees of freedom for the RCBD and CRD designs, respectively.

The statistical analysis of variance for randomized complete block design (RCBD) was done as outlined by Steel and Torrie (1980) with sub sample analysis as shown in Table 2 .

Table 2: Sources of variation, for randomized complete block design with sub sampling analysis.

Source of variance	Degrees of freedom	Expected mean square
Blocks	b-1	
Treatments	k-1	$\sigma_s^2 + n\sigma_e^2 + nb(\sum k^2)/(k-1)$
Experimental error	(b-1)(k-1)	$\sigma_s^2 + n\sigma_e^2$
Sampling error	bk(s-1)	σ_s^2

Where: b = blocks, k = treatments (number of experimental units), s = samples

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Table 3 cleared results of experimental and sampling errors, relative efficiency (RE) and coefficient of variation (C.V) as affected by the interrelation among number of plots (k), blocks (b), samples (s) as well as their sizes in the two seasons.

Relative efficiency (RE) was used as indicator for experimental precision and gain of the analysis compared with CRD design for all combinations as shown in Table 3. These relations cleared that increasing sample size and number of blocks led to increase relative efficiency. Increasing number of experimental units per block, number of blocks and number of samples also led to increase efficiency and precision of the analysis.

Using Table 3, we can choose the optimum combinations from number of plots (k), blocks (b), samples (s) as well as their sizes when relative efficiency started to be greater than or equal (\geq) 100%. Italic, underline and bold face clear these combinations . Results indicated that starting with these combinations true effects between plots can be detected. Table 3 also clears that increasing sample size and number of blocks more than selected numbers, also gave continue increase in relative efficiency.

The results showed that 1) 2 blocks with area of 97.2 m^2 , 9 plots/block with plot area of 10.8 m^2 and a sample size of 25 plants, 2) 3 blocks with area of 129.6 m^2 , number of plots/block of 12 with plot area being 10.8 m^2 and 25 plants as sample size and 3) 4 blocks with area a of 144 m^2 , 16 plots/block with plot size of 9 m^2 and sample size of 20 plants/plot as sample size were the optimum combinations in the two seasons of the study.

Table 3: Experimental and sampling errors, relative efficiency and coefficient of variation (C.V) as affected by interrelation among number of plots (k), blocks (b), samples (s) as well as their sizes in 2004 and 2005 seasons.

Plots (k)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of samples (S)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/ row)	No. of Exp.	Experimental error (E)		Sampling Error (SE)		Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %
							Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2	
2	2	2	7.2	3.6	5	90	0.163	0.2119	0.132	0.002	95
2	2	3	10.8	5.4	10	60	0.141	0.1833	0.125	0.006	86
2	2	4	14.4	7.2	15	45	0.125	0.1625	0.013	0.0156	90
2	2	5	18	9	20	36	0.114	0.1482	0.009	0.030	105
2	2	6	21.6	10.8	25	30	0.108	0.1404	0.007	0.044	109
3	2	2	10.8	3.6	5	60	0.305	0.3965	0.217	0.020	84
3	2	3	16.2	5.4	10	40	0.282	0.3666	0.195	0.042	86
3	2	4	21.6	7.2	15	30	0.24	0.3112	0.130	0.044	91
3	2	5	27	9	20	24	0.212	0.2756	0.056	0.067	109
3	2	6	32.4	10.8	25	20	0.193	0.2613	0.042	0.074	114
4	2	2	14.4	3.6	5	45	0.201	0.4108	0.262	0.074	90
4	2	3	21.6	5.4	10	30	0.309	0.4016	0.210	0.252	92
4	2	4	28.8	7.2	15	22	0.207	0.2691	0.176	0.211	94
4	2	5	36	9	20	18	0.259	0.3367	0.156	0.307	114
4	2	6	43.2	10.8	25	15	0.192	0.2496	0.082	0.338	117
5	2	2	18	3.6	5	36	0.364	0.4732	0.237	0.284	94
5	2	3	27	5.4	10	24	0.339	0.4368	0.230	0.284	97
5	2	4	36	7.2	15	18	0.289	0.3757	0.123	0.267	99
5	2	5	45	9	20	14	0.268	0.3484	0.079	0.334	121
5	2	6	54	10.8	25	12	0.231	0.3003	0.019	0.310	124

Table 3: cont.

No. of Plots (k)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of samples (S)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp.	Experimental error (E)	Sampling Error (SE)		Relative efficiency (RE) %	Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %
								Season1	Season2		
6	2	2	21.6	3.6	5	30	0.383	0.4979	0.492	0.230	74
6	2	3	32.4	5.4	10	20	0.321	0.4173	0.365	0.318	79
6	2	4	43.2	7.2	15	15	0.293	0.3809	0.277	0.332	82
6	2	5	54	9	20	12	0.263	0.3419	0.202	0.338	99
6	2	6	64.8	10.8	25	10	0.244	0.3172	0.175	0.330	133
7	2	2	25.2	3.6	5	25	0.376	0.4868	0.329	0.274	74
7	2	3	37.8	5.4	10	17	0.358	0.4654	0.273	0.279	85
7	2	4	50.4	7.2	15	12	0.343	0.4459	0.238	0.285	92
7	2	5	63	9	20	10	0.34	0.4442	0.168	0.321	97
7	2	6	75.6	10.8	25	8	0.233	0.3029	0.149	0.334	141
8	2	2	28.8	3.6	5	22	0.407	0.5291	0.412	0.254	70
8	2	3	43.2	5.4	10	15	0.399	0.5187	0.328	0.273	74
8	2	4	57.6	7.2	15	11	0.363	0.4719	0.236	0.283	77
8	2	5	72	9	20	9	0.336	0.4366	0.215	0.294	89
8	2	6	86.4	10.8	25	7	0.321	0.4173	0.167	0.440	155
9	2	2	32.4	3.6	5	20	0.429	0.5577	0.413	0.255	72
9	2	3	48.6	5.4	10	13	0.388	0.5044	0.302	0.242	81
9	2	4	64.8	7.2	15	10	0.379	0.4927	0.208	0.249	86
9	2	5	81	9	20	8	0.373	0.4849	0.145	0.414	92
9	2	6	97.2	10.8	25	6	0.326	0.4238	0.075	0.254	190
										149	13.617
											11.453

Table 3: cont.

No. of Plots (k)	No. of blocks (S)	No. of samples (b)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp.	Experimental error (E)	Sampling Error (SE)		Relative efficiency (RE) %	Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %
								Season1	Season2		
10	2	2	36	3.6	5	18	0.421	0.5473	0.496	0.235	77
10	2	3	54	5.4	10	12	0.401	0.5213	0.315	0.258	84
10	2	4	72	7.2	15	9	0.398	0.5174	0.216	0.259	90
10	2	5	90	9	20	7	0.366	0.4758	0.196	0.355	96
10	2	6	108	10.8	25	6	0.329	0.4277	0.069	0.442	144
11	2	2	39.6	3.6	5	16	0.441	0.5733	0.626	0.271	66
11	2	3	59.4	5.4	10	10	0.41	0.533	0.518	0.261	69
11	2	4	79.2	7.2	15	8	0.404	0.5252	0.441	0.289	75
11	2	5	99	9	20	6	0.39	0.507	0.251	0.301	87
11	2	6	118.8	10.8	25	5	0.34	0.442	0.162	0.434	128
12	2	2	43.2	3.6	5	15	0.435	0.5655	0.612	0.254	65
12	2	3	64.8	5.4	10	10	0.424	0.5512	0.509	0.258	69
12	2	4	86.4	7.2	15	7	0.403	0.5239	0.414	0.256	74
12	2	5	108	9	20	6	0.353	0.4589	0.308	0.249	85
12	2	6	129.6	10.8	25	5	0.351	0.4563	0.166	0.439	100
13	2	2	46.8	3.6	5	13	0.491	0.6383	0.617	0.260	62
13	2	3	70.2	5.4	10	9	0.475	0.6175	0.578	0.333	69
13	2	4	93.6	7.2	15	6	0.456	0.5928	0.476	0.331	73
13	2	5	117	9	20	5	0.396	0.5148	0.356	0.307	85
13	2	6	140.4	10.8	25	4	0.346	0.4498	0.274	0.448	96
											95
											16.689
											15.557

Table 3: cont.

No. of plots (k)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of samples (S)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp. (E)	Experimental error (E)		Sampling Error (SE)	Relative efficiency (RE) %	Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %	
							Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2
14	2	2	50.4	3.6	5	12	0.499	0.6448	0.611	0.253	65	63
14	2	3	75.6	5.4	10	8	0.48	0.624	0.435	0.282	72	67
14	2	4	100.8	7.2	15	6	0.466	0.6058	0.39	0.322	77	79
14	2	5	126	9	20	5	0.452	0.5876	0.275	0.3300	84	84
14	2	6	151.2	10.8	25	4	0.444	0.5772	0.196	0.595	95	92
15	2	2	54	3.6	5	12	0.553	0.7189	0.501	0.241	60	63
15	2	3	81	5.4	10	8	0.513	0.6669	0.435	0.282	75	67
15	2	4	108	7.2	15	6	0.491	0.6383	0.369	0.322	79	77
15	2	5	135	9	20	4	0.433	0.5629	0.249	0.298	86	85
15	2	6	162	10.8	25	4	0.424	0.5512	0.208	0.369	93	94
16	2	2	57.6	3.6	5	11	0.429	0.5577	0.752	0.182	62	65
16	2	3	86.4	5.4	10	7	0.566	0.7358	0.666	0.319	65	72
16	2	4	115.2	7.2	15	5	0.546	0.7098	0.642	0.296	74	89
16	2	5	144	9	20	4	0.526	0.6838	0.371	0.325	81	91
16	2	6	172.8	10.8	25	3	0.478	0.6214	0.289	0.466	95	93
17	2	2	61.2	3.6	5	10	0.599	0.7787	0.619	0.228	60	63
17	2	3	91.8	5.4	10	7	0.562	0.7306	0.543	0.291	69	67
17	2	4	122.4	7.2	15	5	0.543	0.7059	0.467	0.320	73	72
17	2	5	153	9	20	4	0.526	0.6838	0.376	0.331	85	63
17	2	6	183.6	10.8	25	3	0.513	0.6669	0.299	0.358	92	93

Table 3: cont.

No. of Plots (k)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of Samples (S)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp.	Experimental error (E)	Sampling Error (SE)	Relative efficiency (RE) %	Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %	
										Season 1	Season 2
18	2	2	64.8	3.6	5	10	0.608	0.7904	0.512	0.134	61
18	2	3	97.2	5.4	10	6	0.598	0.7774	0.406	0.247	66
18	2	4	129.6	7.2	15	5	0.589	0.7657	0.323	0.267	75
18	2	5	162	9	20	4	0.518	0.6743	0.213	0.255	86
18	2	6	194.4	10.8	25	3	0.498	0.6474	0.208	0.249	94
19	2	2	68.4	3.6	5	9	0.658	0.8554	0.835	0.162	62
19	2	3	102.6	5.4	10	6	0.603	0.7839	0.663	0.195	71
19	2	4	136.8	7.2	15	4	0.513	0.6669	0.609	0.202	79
19	2	5	171	9	20	3	0.508	0.6604	0.412	0.254	86
19	2	6	205.2	10.8	25	3	0.479	0.6227	0.231	0.277	92
20	2	2	72	3.6	5	9	0.85	1.105	0.826	0.151	60
20	2	3	108	5.4	10	6	0.835	1.0855	0.766	0.312	69
20	2	4	144	7.2	15	4	0.808	1.0504	0.678	0.336	77
20	2	5	180	9	20	3	0.728	0.9464	0.578	0.336	82
20	2	6	216	10.8	25	3	0.640	0.832	0.51	0.301	89
2	3	2	7.2	3.6	5	60	0.227	0.2951	0.248	0.297	52
2	3	3	10.8	5.4	10	40	0.224	0.2912	0.209	0.130	85
2	3	4	14.4	7.2	15	30	0.212	0.2756	0.162	0.094	100
2	3	5	18	9	20	24	0.194	0.2522	0.152	0.064	122
2	3	6	21.6	10.8	25	20	0.183	0.2379	0.149	0.028	129
										132	10948
											12783

Table 3: cont.

No. of Plots (K)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of Samples (S)	Block size (m ²) (b)	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp.	Experimental error (E)	Sampling Error (SE)	Relative efficiency (RE) %	Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %	
										Season1	Season2
3	3	2	10.8	3.6	5	40	0.274	0.3562	0.181	63	57
3	3	3	16.2	5.4	10	62	0.216	0.2808	0.215	84	65
3	3	4	21.6	7.2	15	20	0.179	0.2327	0.162	104	102
3	3	5	27	9	20	16	0.163	0.2119	0.154	0.088	131
3	3	6	32.4	10.8	25	13	0.147	0.1911	0.107	0.004	137
4	3	2	14.4	3.6	5	30	0.296	0.3848	0.211	0.263	56
4	3	3	21.6	5.4	10	20	0.281	0.3653	0.216	0.212	74
4	3	4	28.8	7.2	15	15	0.178	0.2314	0.155	0.186	87
4	3	5	36	9	20	12	0.16	0.208	0.116	0.112	102
4	3	6	43.2	10.8	25	10	0.12	0.156	0.112	0.107	114
5	3	2	18	3.6	5	24	0.238	0.3094	0.175	0.21	73
5	3	3	27	5.4	10	16	0.207	0.2691	0.165	0.198	85
5	3	4	36	7.2	15	12	0.172	0.2236	0.156	0.187	92
5	3	5	45	9	20	9	0.155	0.2015	0.148	0.177	124
5	3	6	54	10.8	25	8	0.113	0.1469	0.121	0.101	137
6	3	2	21.6	3.6	5	20	0.226	0.2938	0.181	0.217	52
6	3	3	32.4	5.4	10	13	0.214	0.2782	0.176	0.211	75
6	3	4	43.2	7.2	15	10	0.171	0.2223	0.161	0.093	89
6	3	5	54	9	20	8	0.157	0.2041	0.126	0.063	137
6	3	6	64.8	10.8	25	6	0.147	0.1911	0.101	0.041	140

Table 3: cont.

No. of Plots (k)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of Samples (S)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp.	Experimental error (E)		Sampling Error (SE)		Relative efficiency (RE) %	Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %
							Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2		
7	3	2	25.2	3.6	5	17	0.258	0.3354	0.319	0.242	55	85
7	3	3	37.8	5.4	10	11	0.233	0.3029	0.273	0.207	68	66
7	3	4	50.4	7.2	15	8	0.206	0.2678	0.186	0.123	87	92
7	3	5	63	9	20	6	0.195	0.2535	0.152	0.118	143	130
7	3	6	75.6	10.8	25	5	0.192	0.2496	0.117	0.036	149	144
8	3	2	28.8	3.6	5	15	0.298	0.3874	0.335	0.362	61	67
8	3	3	43.2	5.4	10	10	0.283	0.3679	0.268	0.201	77	89
8	3	4	57.6	7.2	15	7	0.245	0.3185	0.212	0.154	90	92
8	3	5	72	9	20	6	0.201	0.2613	0.195	0.134	161	137
8	3	6	86.4	10.8	25	5	0.191	0.2483	0.115	0.108	169	152
9	3	2	32.4	3.6	5	13	0.286	0.3718	0.457	0.484	85	88
9	3	3	48.6	5.4	10	8	0.279	0.3627	0.396	0.335	91	89
9	3	4	64.8	7.2	15	6	0.265	0.3445	0.298	0.306	92	90
9	3	5	81	9	20	5	0.231	0.3003	0.192	0.230	175	143
9	3	6	97.2	10.8	25	4	0.192	0.2496	0.136	0.202	181	149
10	3	2	36	3.6	5	12	0.306	0.3978	0.421	0.542	83	87
10	3	3	54	5.4	10	8	0.273	0.3549	0.332	0.514	95	90
10	3	4	72	7.2	15	6	0.264	0.3432	0.308	0.3496	96	92
10	3	5	90	9	20	4	0.245	0.3185	0.206	0.247	186	151
10	3	6	108	10.8	25	4	0.231	0.2769	0.171	0.125	191	163

Table 3: cont.

No. of Plots (k)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of Samples (S)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp.	Experimental error (E)		Sampling Error (SE)		Relative efficiency (RE) %		Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %
							Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2	
11	3	2	39.6	3.6	5	10	0.349	0.4537	0.573	0.407	81	91	9.135 13.051
11	3	3	59.4	5.4	10	7	0.294	0.3822	0.401	0.332	98	88	8.743 12.491
11	3	4	79.2	7.2	15	5	0.289	0.3757	0.334	0.280	97	98	8.978 12.827
11	3	5	99	9	20	4	0.256	0.3328	0.218	0.261	190	164	8.104 11.578
11	3	6	18.8	10.8	25	3	0.208	0.2704	0.159	0.108	199	175	7.923 11.318
12	3	2	43.2	3.6	5	10	0.419	0.5447	0.543	0.716	84	89	9.835 14.051
12	3	3	64.8	5.4	10	6	0.396	0.5148	0.485	0.622	88	91	9.443 13.491
12	3	4	86.4	7.2	15	5	0.289	0.3757	0.317	0.404	99	97	8.976 12.824
12	3	5	108	9	20	4	0.256	0.3328	0.181	0.172	194	160	8.804 10.578
12	3	6	129.6	10.8	25	3	0.256	0.3328	0.127	0.124	197	173	8.638 10.340
13	3	2	46.8	3.6	5	9	0.437	0.5881	0.588	0.616	82	94	10.06 14.377
13	3	3	70.2	5.4	10	6	0.405	0.5265	0.437	0.544	99	99	9.439 13.485
13	3	4	93.6	7.2	15	4	0.389	0.5057	0.375	0.333	94	88	8.976 12.824
13	3	5	117	9	20	3	0.297	0.3861	0.252	0.224	162	169	8.762 12.518
13	3	6	140.4	10.8	25	3	0.261	0.3393	0.223	0.176	174	149	8.629 12.328
14	3	2	50.4	3.6	5	8	0.441	0.5733	0.618	0.6416	81	89	10.11 14.456
14	3	3	75.6	5.4	10	5	0.405	0.5265	0.514	0.568	95	97	9.439 13.485
14	3	4	100.8	7.2	15	4	0.39	0.507	0.528	0.336	99	99	8.983 12.834
14	3	5	126	9	20	3	0.377	0.4901	0.386	0.322	141	139	8.762 12.518
14	3	6	151.2	10.8	25	2	0.258	0.3354	0.211	0.232	153	146	8.629 12.328

Table 3: cont.

No. of Plots (K)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of Samples (S)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp.	Experimental error (E)		Sampling Error (SE)		Relative efficiency (RE) %		Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %	
							Season1		Season2		Season1		Season1	
							Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2
15	3	2	54	3.6	5	8	0.54	0.702	0.678	0.736	87	83	10.12	14.458
15	3	3	81	5.4	10	5	0.498	0.6474	0.598	0.676	89	89	8.791	12.559
15	3	4	108	7.2	15	4	0.458	0.5954	0.485	0.442	95	94	8.953	12.791
15	3	5	135	9	20	3	0.397	0.5161	0.362	0.314	130	122	8.762	12.518
15	3	6	162	10.8	25	2	0.306	0.3978	0.249	0.298	135	124	8.606	12.295
16	3	2	57.6	3.6	5	7	0.564	0.7332	0.745	0.742	80	79	10.07	14.389
16	3	3	86.4	5.4	10	5	0.544	0.7072	0.672	0.654	84	87	8.761	12.516
16	3	4	115.2	7.2	15	3	0.483	0.6279	0.427	0.422	89	92	8.938	12.769
16	3	5	144	9	20	3	0.394	0.5122	0.375	0.333	91	97	8.749	12.498
16	3	6	172.8	10.8	25	2	0.325	0.4225	0.286	0.312	112	102	8.584	12.263
17	3	2	61.2	3.6	5	7	0.642	0.8346	0.768	0.716	87	81	10.15	14.512
17	3	3	91.8	5.4	10	4	0.593	0.7709	0.682	0.614	94	92	9.446	13.495
17	3	4	122.4	7.2	15	3	0.508	0.6604	0.574	0.588	55	94	8.219	11.742
17	3	5	153	9	20	2	0.499	0.6487	0.379	0.448	94	96	8.031	11.474
17	3	6	183.6	10.8	25	2	0.454	0.5902	0.217	0.234	100	99	7.877	11.254
18	3	2	64.8	3.6	5	6	0.739	0.9607	0.711	0.732	82	82	10.12	14.459
18	3	3	97.2	5.4	10	4	0.689	0.8957	0.682	0.684	88	89	8.078	12.440
18	3	4	129.6	7.2	15	3	0.678	0.8814	0.593	0.516	91	94	8.904	12.721
18	3	5	162	9	20	2	0.594	0.7722	0.318	0.402	99	95	8.752	12.503
18	3	6	194.4	10.8	25	2	0.447	0.5811	0.271	0.325	100	98	8.629	12.328

Table 3: cont.

No. of Plots (k)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of Samples (S)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp.	Experimental error (E)		Sampling Error (SE)		Relative efficiency (RE) %		Coefficients of Variations (C.V.) %
							Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2	
19	3	2	68.4	3.6	5	6	0.752	0.9776	0.715	0.838	83	82	10.26
19	3	3	102.6	5.1	10	4	0.694	0.9022	0.684	0.708	89	94	9.478
19	3	4	136.8	7.2	15	3	0.663	0.8619	0.493	0.626	95	91	8.996
19	3	5	171	9	20	2	0.606	0.7878	0.321	0.452	97	95	8.780
19	3	6	205.2	10.8	25	2	0.518	0.6734	0.251	0.301	98	96	8.656
20	3	2	72	3.6	5	6	0.855	1.1115	0.817	0.804	92	91	10.29
20	3	3	108	5.4	10	4	0.796	1.0348	0.548	0.776	95	98	9.468
20	3	4	144	7.2	15	3	0.782	1.0166	0.386	0.692	96	99	9.066
20	3	5	180	9	20	2	0.622	0.8086	0.281	0.472	102	99	8.794
20	3	6	216	10.8	25	2	0.608	0.7904	0.107	0.244	95	100	8.672
2	4	2	7.2	3.6	5	45	0.267	0.3471	0.269	0.822	103	101	7.961
2	4	3	10.8	5.4	10	30	0.450	0.3185	0.512	0.744	100	99	10.74
2	4	4	14.4	7.2	15	22	0.321	0.273	0.427	0.524	109	102	10.45
2	4	5	18	9	20	18	0.295	0.2535	0.242	0.404	115	107	9.107
2	4	6	21.6	10.8	25	15	0.185	0.0405	0.202	0.312	122	110	9.38
3	4	2	10.8	3.6	5	30	0.418	0.4654	0.580	0.513	92	84	13.4
3	4	3	16.2	5.4	10	20	0.403	0.3939	0.480	0.401	98	100	10.19
3	4	4	21.6	7.2	15	15	0.389	0.3757	0.384	0.220	111	105	10.37
3	4	5	27	9	20	12	0.225	0.3265	0.272	0.206	126	119	9.8
3	4	6	32.4	10.8	25	10	0.199	0.187	0.155	0.546	130	122	9.492
													13.56

Table 3: cont.

No. of Plots (K)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of Samples (S)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp.	Experimental error (E)		Sampling Error (SE)	Relative efficiency (RE) %	Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %
							Season1	Season2			
4	4	2	14.4	3.6	5	22	0.569	0.3497	0.408	0.596	68
4	4	3	21.6	5.4	10	15	0.508	0.364	0.324	0.488	100
4	4	4	28.8	7.2	15	11	0.476	0.3588	0.289	0.264	113
4	4	5	36	9	20	9	0.343	0.3159	0.276	0.212	120
4	4	6	43.2	10.8	25	7	0.212	0.356	0.195	0.194	125
5	4	2	18	3.6	5	18	0.684	0.4992	0.335	0.516	93
5	4	3	27	5.4	10	12	0.561	0.4693	0.201	0.412	98
5	4	4	36	7.2	15	9	0.371	0.3523	0.176	0.312	116
5	4	5	45	9	20	7	0.225	0.325	0.165	0.218	127
5	4	6	54	10.8	25	6	0.127	0.2951	0.102	0.124	134
6	4	2	21.6	3.6	5	15	0.726	0.5538	0.477	0.524	59
6	4	3	32.4	5.4	10	10	0.709	0.5317	0.396	0.352	72
6	4	4	43.2	7.2	15	7	0.637	0.481	0.283	0.296	129
6	4	5	54	9	20	6	0.455	0.4615	0.177	0.224	131
6	4	6	64.8	10.8	25	5	0.326	0.238	0.166	0.192	136
7	4	2	25.2	3.6	5	12	0.895	0.6435	0.469	0.628	54
7	4	3	37.8	5.4	10	8	0.891	0.6357	0.316	0.599	66
7	4	4	50.4	7.2	15	6	0.585	0.5005	0.292	0.404	140
7	4	5	63	9	20	5	0.366	0.4758	0.243	0.416	146
7	4	6	75.6	10.8	25	4	0.223	0.2899	0.175	0.333	157
											139
											10.73
											15.33

Table 3: cont.

No. of Plots (K)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of Samples (S)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp.	Experimental error (E)	Sampling Error (SE)		Relative efficiency (RE) %		Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %
								Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2	
8	4	2	28.8	3.6	5	11	0.828	0.6864	0.465	0.698	69	63
8	4	3	43.2	5.4	10	7	0.786	0.6318	0.356	0.552	72	78
8	4	4	57.6	7.2	15	5	0.646	0.598	0.286	0.432	160	141
8	4	5	72	9	20	4	0.412	0.5356	0.274	0.388	165	145
8	4	6	86.4	10.8	25	3	0.385	0.5005	0.167	0.204	169	148
9	4	2	32.4	3.6	5	10	0.562	0.7306	0.467	0.504	69	55
9	4	3	48.6	5.4	10	6	0.548	0.624	0.378	0.436	80	74
9	4	4	64.8	7.2	15	5	0.472	0.6136	0.271	0.352	167	151
9	4	5	81	9	20	4	0.432	0.5616	0.286	0.232	173	157
9	4	6	97.2	10.8	25	3	0.399	0.5187	0.212	0.144	175	160
10	4	2	36	3.6	5	9	0.607	0.7891	0.515	0.538	59	58
10	4	3	54	5.4	10	6	0.576	0.7488	0.435	0.462	89	77
10	4	4	72	7.2	15	4	0.489	0.6357	0.302	0.424	179	162
10	4	5	90	9	20	3	0.46	0.598	0.286	0.392	183	165
10	4	6	108	10.8	25	3	0.433	0.529	0.189	0.268	187	179
11	4	2	39.6	3.6	5	8	0.622	0.8086	0.539	0.668	62	71
11	4	3	59.4	5.4	10	5	0.594	0.7722	0.489	0.568	81	87
11	4	4	79.2	7.2	15	4	0.593	0.709	0.311	0.432	182	177
11	4	5	99	9	20	3	0.552	0.7176	0.271	0.352	184	181
11	4	6	118.8	10.8	25	2	0.474	0.6162	0.288	0.216	189	186

Table 3: cont.

No. of Plots (K)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of Samples (S)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp. (E)	Experimental error		Sampling Error (SE)		Relative efficiency (RE) %	Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %
							Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2		
12	4	2	43.2	3.6	5	7	0.634	0.6242	0.568	0.616	59	56
12	4	3	64.8	5.4	10	5	0.609	0.7917	0.481	0.572	77	75
12	4	4	86.4	7.2	15	3	0.593	0.7709	0.324	0.488	94	89
12	4	5	108	9	20	3	0.576	0.7488	0.235	0.282	193	180
12	4	6	129.6	10.8	25	2	0.519	0.6747	0.155	0.106	202	187
13	4	2	46.8	3.6	5	6	0.648	0.8424	0.528	0.536	64	54
13	4	3	70.2	5.4	10	4	0.606	0.7878	0.481	0.477	75	68
13	4	4	93.6	7.2	15	3	0.592	0.7696	0.386	0.323	89	74
13	4	5	117	9	20	2	0.564	0.7332	0.213	0.255	201	185
13	4	6	140.4	10.8	25	2	0.495	0.6435	0.122	0.127	204	189
14	4	2	50.4	3.6	5	6	0.745	0.9685	0.612	0.644	50	53
14	4	3	75.6	5.4	10	4	0.71	0.923	0.528	0.536	72	62
14	4	4	100.8	7.2	15	3	0.694	0.9022	0.556	0.472	84	81
14	4	5	126	9	20	2	0.653	0.8489	0.377	0.324	210	196
14	4	6	151.2	10.8	25	2	0.589	0.7657	0.298	0.276	211	202
15	4	2	54	3.6	5	6	0.76	0.988	0.605	0.626	51	43
15	4	3	81	5.4	10	4	0.733	0.952	0.523	0.476	63	65
15	4	4	108	7.2	15	3	0.689	0.8957	0.442	0.404	222	199
15	4	5	135	9	20	2	0.622	0.808	0.249	0.388	224	204
15	4	6	162	10.8	25	2	0.589	0.765	0.161	0.232	115	108
16	4	2	57.6	3.6	5	5	0.837	1.088	0.703	0.536	49	45
16	4	3	86.4	5.4	10	3	0.799	1.038	0.609	0.408	60	56
											12.30	7.58

Table 3; cont.

No. of Plots (k)	No. of blocks (b)	No. of Samples (S)	Block size (b) m ²	Plot size m ²	Sample size (plants/row)	No. of Exp.	Experimental error (E)		Sampling Error (SE)		Relative efficiency (RE) %		Coefficient of Variations (C.V.) %	
							Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2	Season1	Season2
16	4	4	115.2	7.2	15	2	0.787	1.023	0.426	0.312	73	67	8.76	6.81
16	4	5	144	9	20	2	0.738	0.959	0.234	0.208	230	217	7.22	6.04
16	4	6	172.8	10.8	25	1	0.686	0.891	0.214	0.168	209	207	7.71	5.3
17	4	2	61.2	3.6	5	5	0.858	1.115	0.604	0.648	68	60	11.52	16.47
17	4	3	91.8	5.4	10	3	0.799	1.038	0.517	0.404	77	79	11.55	16.50
17	4	4	122.4	7.2	15	2	0.785	1.020	0.425	0.315	87	88	11.05	15.79
17	4	5	153	9	20	2	0.757	0.984	0.236	0.1302	214	197	8.85	12.51
17	4	6	183.6	10.8	25	1	0.696	0.904	0.147	0.164	185	209	9.74	11.35
18	4	2	64.8	3.6	5	5	0.938	1.219	0.601	0.712	57	60	12.25	17.45
18	4	3	97.2	5.4	10	3	0.896	1.164	0.525	0.615	72	74	12.27	17.53
18	4	4	129.6	7.2	15	2	0.884	1.149	0.438	0.556	85	82	11.75	16.79
18	4	5	162	9	20	2	0.796	1.034	0.342	0.404	162	135	11.34	10.21
18	4	6	194.4	10.8	25	1	0.756	0.982	0.248	0.276	166	137	8.51	9.02
19	4	2	68.4	3.6	5	4	0.946	1.229	0.582	0.984	79	74	12.31	17.59
19	4	3	102.6	5.4	10	3	0.899	1.168	0.501	0.920	81	85	11.59	16.57
19	4	4	136.8	7.2	15	2	0.797	1.036	0.498	0.761	89	91	11.84	16.92
19	4	5	171	9	20	1	0.758	0.985	0.311	0.332	141	114	10.88	15.55
19	4	6	205.2	10.8	25	1	0.712	0.925	0.123	0.276	140	117	10.78	15.41
20	4	2	72	3.6	5	4	1.35	1.755	0.511	0.932	58	67	13.02	18.61
20	4	3	108	5.4	10	3	1.2	1.560	0.413	0.866	70	79	12.28	17.556
20	4	4	144	7.2	15	2	0.891	1.158	0.370	0.704	78	87	11.83	16.90
20	4	5	180	9	20	1	0.856	1.112	0.219	0.428	91	95	11.59	16.57
20	4	6	216	10.8	25	1	0.808	1.050	0.162	0.332	100	102	11.27	16.11

Coefficient of variation (C.V.) also used as indicator for precision of experiment as shown in Table 3. The estimates of coefficient of variation for previous optimum combinations of 2, 3 and 4 blocks were 13.62, 8.64 and 7.22 % in the first season and 11.45, 10.34 and 6.04 % in the second one, respectively. These results indicated that increasing number of blocks increased precision of the experiment and gain of the analysis. Also, results showed that increasing number of blocks reduced size of sample at the same precision and same gain of the analysis.

Experimental (E) and sampling (S) errors also compared with each other to estimate the optimum sample size. When, sampling error values started to be less than or equal to experimental error values meaning that experimental error is valid error and differences between samples were not significant. This measure also used as indicator to choose the optimum previous combinations. Table 3 clears that sampling error scored 0.075, 0.127 and 0.234 in the first season and 0.254, 0.124 and 0.208 in the second season compared with 0.326, 0.256 and 0.738 in the first season and 0.424, 0.333 and 0.959 for experimental error in the second season for 2,3 and 4 blocks, respectively.

Generally Table 3 shows that changing number of samples (s) as well as plot size and making number of plots (k) and blocks (b) constant the researcher can determine his optimum combinations depending upon variability of his variables, the nature of his treatments and their costs depending upon maximum value of relative efficiency (RE) and minimum value of coefficient of variation (C.V) in the two seasons. Also, these estimates indicate that the homogeneity started to be clear in plots and blocks and we can consider these measures as tools in homogeneity trials. Previous results are similar to those obtained by Charles and Mason (1959), Rampton and Petersen (1962), Torrie et.al. (1963) and Wei Wei et.al. (2001) for number of replications, Torrie et.al. (1963) for number of blocks and plot size. Galal and Abou El-Fittouh (1971), Khalil et.al. (1971), El-Kalla and Gomaa (1977), EL- Rassas (1982), EL- Rayes et.al. (1993) and Ashmawy et.al. (2003) for plot size. Abou-El-Fittouh (1976) for relative efficiency in randomized complete blocks design. Lin and Birns (1986) for relative efficiency of randomized blocks design with different plot size and number of plots per block. Cochran (1977), Casler and Ehike (1985), Lefoet (1987), Nasr (1991), Surin (1992) and Zedaker, et.al. (1993) for optimum sample size. EL- Taweel (2004) for number of plots, blocks, sample as well as their sizes in randomized complete blocks design.

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دراسة تأثير العلاقة المداخلة بين عدد القطع والقطاعات والعينات وأحجامها على كفاءة ودقة التجارب في الذرة الرفيعة

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يؤثر تجانس التربة في النتائج الخاصة بالتجارب ويمكن تقليل ذلك التأثير عن طريق استخدام التصميم الملائم وكذلك المساحة المناسبة للقطعة والقطاع وعدد المكررات والعينات المناسب لكل تجربة. وقد أجريت هذه الدراسة لاستخلاص العلاقة المداخلة بين العوامل السابقة معايرة بالخطا التجريبي وخطا العينة وكفاءة النسبة ومعامل الاختلاف كمقاييس لنقاء تصميم القطاعات الكاملة الشوائية في تجارب الذرة الرفيعة. وقد أقيمت تجربتي تجانس في محطة بحوث شندول بمحافظة سوهاج خلال موسم ٢٠٠٤ وكتل ٢٠٠٥ على الصنف دورادو وقد طبقت كل المعاملات الزراعية الموصى بها في تلك التجارب. وكانت مساحة الحقل التجريبي ٢٢٨٧,٥ متر مربع (٥٤٥ فدان) قسمت إلى ٦ شرائح بكل شريحة ١٢٠ خط كوحدات أساسية. وقد تمت الزراعة يومي ١٠ ، ١٩ يونيو وتم الحصاد في ١٠ ، ١٩ أكتوبر من عامي ٢٠٠٤ وكتل ٢٠٠٥ على الترتيب و تم حصاد كل خط على حدة بعد استبعاد نباتين من كل خط لاستبعاد تأثير النطاق وكان حجم العينات المستخدمة هو ٥ ، ١٠ ، ١٥ ، ٢٠ ، ٢٥ نبات و تم استخدام تصميم القطاعات الكاملة الشوائية لتحليل البيانات مع تغيير عدد القطع (k) وعدد المكررات (b) وعدد العينات (S) وكذلك المساحات المختلفة للقطع والقطاعات والعينات خلال الموسمين.

وقد أشارت النتائج إلى أن التوليفة المثلثى مع ٢ ، ٣ ، ٤ مكررات بمساحة ٩٧,٢ متر مربع مساحة القطاع مع ٩ ، ١٢ ، ١٦ قطعة تجريبية بكل قطاع بمساحة ١٢٩,٦ ، ١٤٤ متر مربع مساحة القطاع مع ٩ ، ١٢ ، ١٦ ، ٢٥ نبات وقد سجلت هذه التوليفة السابقة كفاءة نسبية ١٩٠ ، ١٩٧ ، ٢٣٠ % في الموسم الاول وكذلك ١٤٩ ، ١٧٣ ، ٢١٧ % في الموسم الثاني على الترتالي. وقد سجلت قيمة معامل الاختلاف ١٢,٦٢ ، ٨,٦٤ ، ٧,٢٢ في الموسم الاول كما سجلت ١١,٤٥ ، ١٠,٣٤ ، ٦,٠٤ % في الموسم الثاني على الترتالي هذه النتائج ايضاً اوضحت ان زيادة عدد المكررات يمكن معه تقليل حجم العينة مع الحفاظ على ثبات نقاء التجربة وكفاءة التحليل اما بالنسبة لقيم خطاب العينة والخطا التجربى فتم مقارنتها واوضحت النتائج ان قيمة خطاب العينة سجلت ٠,٠٧٥ ، ٠,٠١٢٧ ، ٠,٠٢٤ ، ٠,٠٢٢٤ ، ٠,٠٢٦ ، ٠,٠٢٥٦ ، ٠,٠٢٥٤ ، ٠,٠٢٠٨ ، ٠,١٢٤ في الموسم الثاني مقارنة بقيم الخطاب التجربى التي سجلت ٠,٠٧٣٨ ، ٠,٠٣٢٢ ، ٠,٠٤٢٤ ، ٠,٠٩٥٩ في الموسم الثاني على الترتيب.

وقد تبين من النتائج أن زيادة مساحة القطاع مع زيادة عدد القطاعات مما يزيد من الكفاءة النسبية للتجربة وإن زيادة عدد القطاع التجربية بالقطاع مع زيادة عدد المكررات وحجم العينة معاً يؤدي جملة إلى زيادة نقاء التجربة وكفاءة التحليل.